

PASSENGERS  
OF TITANIC  
ARE SAVEDTransferred to Virginian;  
Vessel Badly Damaged,  
Striking Iceberg.MAJ. ARCHIBALD  
BUTT ON BOARD

Halifax, N. S., April 15.—The Canadian government marine agency here at 4:45 p. m. received a wireless dispatch that the Titanic is sinking. The message came by way of the cable ship Mian, off Cape Race. It is said the steamer towing the Titanic was endeavoring to get her into shallow water near Cape Race, to beach her.

The wireless up to noon today showed that the passengers of the White Star liner Titanic, which struck an iceberg off the New Foundland coast last night, were being transferred aboard the steamer Carpathia, a Cunarder.

Already 20 boats had been transferred and, according to 65 persons as the capacity of each lifeboat, some 800 or 1200 passengers have been transferred.

These reports indicated that the transfer was being carried on safely. The sea was smooth and the weather calm. It was said all passengers would be saved.

The liner carried 1400 passengers and a crew of 890.

Another liner, the Parisian, of the Allan company, which sailed from Glasgow for Halifax on April 9, was quite close at hand and assisting in the work of rescue.

The Baltic and Virginian also are near the scene and the Olympic apparently is near at hand, as the wireless information concerning the transfer comes from Capt. Haddock of the Olympic.

The accident occurred at 10:35 last night about 400 miles east of Cape Race, N. F., and about 1100 miles east of New York.

All Passengers Safe.

Montreal, Quebec, April 15.—The local office of Horton Davidson, one of the Titanic passengers, has received the following wireless message:

"All passengers are safe and the Titanic was taken in tow by the Virginian."

Wireless Carries News.

A wireless message from the Titanic received shortly after midnight, announced the liner had struck an iceberg off the banks of New Foundland and was in a sinking condition. Transfer of the passengers to the lifeboats began at once. The accident occurred at 10:35 o'clock last night. Two hours later the ship's wireless apparatus, which had been working so badly as to permit of only intermittent and fragmentary messages, failed completely.

The last words sent by the operator told that the vessel was apparently doomed, "sinking by the head" and the number of survivors being being rushed into the lifeboats. A reassuring feature was that the weather was calm and clear, and help only a few hours away.

Vessel Starts for Doomed Titanic.

The Titanic's first N. S. message was received by the Virginian, which, according to the position given by the Titanic's operator, was not more than 100 miles away. The captain of the Virginian at once started his boat at full speed for the scene of the disaster, announcing to the other officers on the bridge of the Titanic that the Virginian should reach him by 10 o'clock this morning.

The Titanic's accident happened in latitude 41.46 north longitude 50.14 west. Her point is about 1150 miles east of New York city and 450 miles south of Cape Race, N. F., wireless station.

Wireless Messages Relayed.

All the messages from the ship were relayed to the Cape Race wireless station by the Virginian and forwarded by the Marconi company to New York city. The Titanic's twin ship, Olympic, which left New York last week, was also in direct communication with the sinking boat from a point about 200 miles away.

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DEMOCRATS FIGHT IN  
RIVAL CONVENTIONS FINALLY HELD  
CHICAGO CONVENTION

Chicago, Ill., April 15.—Three hours' delay was experienced today in calling the Democratic county convention and the disturbance which for a time threatened to end in bloodshed finally resulted in two conventions, one faction known as the Hearst-Harrison forces and the other the followers of Roger C. Sullivan, national Democratic committeeman.

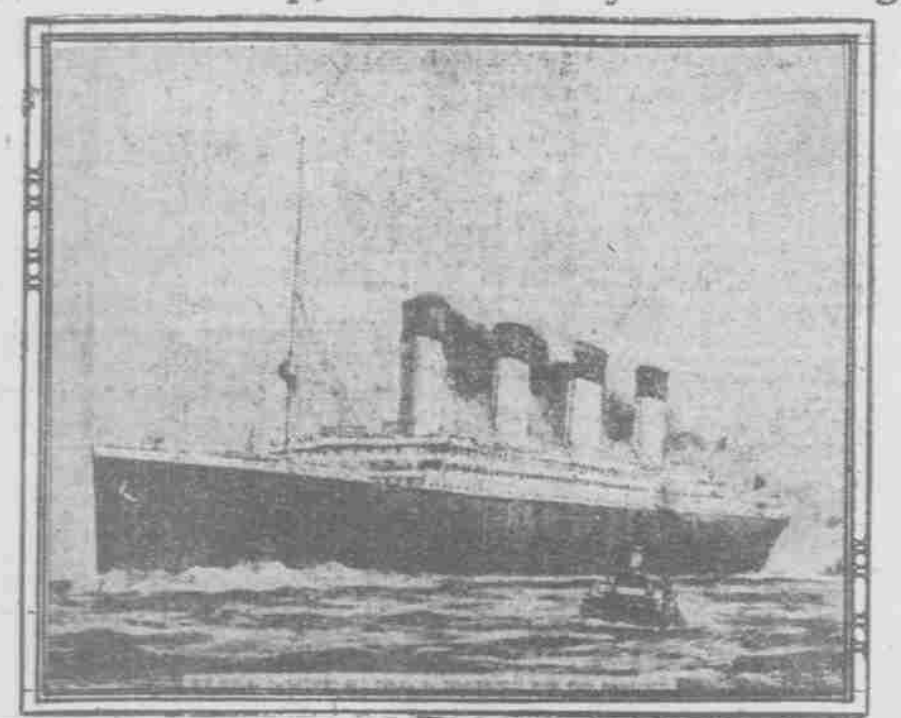
Battered Down Armory Doors.

The victory, if there was a victory, went to the Hearst-Harrison faction, who, with the aid of the police and reinforced by the direct orders of county judge Owens, battered down the doors of the Seventh regiment armory, in spite of the refusal of militia men to open them, and took their seats.

The roof of delegates was called by election commissioner Carnevali, a Republican, on orders of county judge Owens, and lists of delegates to the state convention were prepared for approval of the delegates in the hall.

Second Convention Held.

Under the leadership of John McGill-

The Titanic, World's Biggest  
Ship, Wrecked By An IcebergTO REAPPOINT JUDGES FOR  
NEW MEXICO  
JUDGESPresident Taft Rules This to  
Be Necessary Concerning  
Federal Officials.CREATION OF STATE  
MADE IT NECESSARY

Washington, D. C., April 15.—That incumbents of presidential offices in the new state of New Mexico will have to be reappointed was the view communicated to senator Fall by one of the leaders of the administration today.

President Taft, so the senator was informed, holds that as they were appointed to positions in a territory, their commission expires with the admission of the state and new appointments must be made to conform to the change from a territorial to state organization. This includes the United States district attorney, United States marshal and other officers appointed by president and cabinet and confirmed by senate.

New Mexicans as Rangers.

Chas. S. Shearer, of Mineral Hill; Leo E. York, of Captain; Edwin H. Ruesworth, of Bobo; Edwin A. Hagar, of Lower Pecos; D. G. Garrah, of Venus, N. M., have been appointed forest rangers.

Arizona Postoffice Discontinued.

An order has been issued by the postoffice department discontinuing the postoffice at Meteor, Coconino county, Arizona, and hereafter the mail will go to Canon Diablo.

Jews Want Recognition  
ONLY AS RELIGIOUS SECT

Baltimore, Md., April 15.—The central conference of American rabbis at its session here today passed a resolution which in effect disavowed all movements which represent the Jews as a power other than a religious sect.

The Jewish political clubs, Jewish suffrage, the Kibbutz society, the socialist movement and other movements were mentioned in the debate, although the speakers made it clear that their condemnation of these organizations was merely meant because in the words of the resolution "we disavow the movement toward the formation of Jewish communities on other than the religious basis."

len, chairman of the Cook county Democratic central committee, Sullivan delegates to the convention went to another hall to hold their convention.

With two sets of delegates elected to the convention there will be a fight to decide which fact is rightfully seated.

One Arrest Made.

After the police entered the armory Capt. O'Leary was arrested and taken to Judge Owens's chambers.

Night hundred patrolmen were held in reserve at South Side stations ready for immediate service in the event of serious trouble. In addition a large force of deputy sheriffs were sent to the convention hall to assist in preserving order.

Sheriff Michael Zimmer was at his office in the county building shortly after 1 o'clock and personally instructed the deputies.

"Upon advice of my attorney, commissioner Carnevali, a Republican, must preside as temporary chairman."

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Arizona Plans to Adopt an  
"Advisory" Measure  
Touching the Subject.DIRECT ELECTION  
OF SENATORS PASSES

Phoenix, Ariz., April 15.—The Democratic majority of the legislature does not propose to stop with the provision for the recall of the state judicial officers.

Judson C. King, secretary of the national referendum league, is on the ground with a proposition for the advisory recall of federal judges. When a federal judge offends, it is proposed to circulate petitions and submit the question of recall to a vote at a general election. If the majority is against the judge, the judge will be removed from office. The theory is that the judicial officer will then resign. The bill is in course of construction and will be presented in a few days. It is in line with the policy of senator Ashurst.

The senate this forenoon passed a resolution favoring an amendment to the federal constitution for a direct election of senators.

The bill providing for the submission of an amendment to the state constitution permitting the state and cities to engage in industrial pursuits probably will be passed by the senate this evening.

This bill providing for the submission of the recall amendment to the state constitution is in conference this afternoon. The conference committee will report probably tomorrow.

"Prison Reform" Gets a Blow.

Like Banquo's justly celebrated ghost, the attacks on the governor's prison reform scheme will not wane. In fact, they are becoming more insistent, more numerous and more all the time. Not only has criticism of what is now rather generally regarded as an scheme become more open and outspoken by the public, but at least the legislature has taken a hand in the affair.

This has come about through the introduction in the house of a bill by Dr. Craig of Cochise county, which proposes an will put an end to all chief executive's so-called humanitarian schemes. This bill provides for the formation of a board of control which shall not be dominated by the governor. The board, it is designed, shall consist of the chief executive, the secretary of state, the state treasurer, the auditor, and the attorney-general. While the governor is responsible for the board, it is also provided that all matters shall be decided by majority vote. Therefore, as the officers are all elective and the governor would have precisely the same authority as any other member, it will be seen that the one man authority, by which all prison affairs are now regulated, would come to an end.

Girl's Murderer Given Vacation.

Most of the incidents which have troubled the state in the past few days have been of a very serious nature. One which has caused a great deal of comment is the sending of a Mexican convict named Matta on a vacation trip of 30 days to Albuquerque, New Mexico. The indignation aroused by that act has been accentuated because of the peculiar gravity of Matta's crime.

Matta is a life convict, having been sentenced several years ago for the murder of a 15-year-old girl. The evidence showed that while the girl was standing in her room in front of a mirror, Matta, who was a Mexican, with her, procured a shotgun and, approaching the window of her room, fired charge into her body, causing instant death. There was no question about the homicide, but the defendant claimed the shooting was accidental.

However, Matta was convicted in a trial before Judge Sloan and sentenced to death. Governor Murphy commuted the sentence to life imprisonment, and since that time Matta has been confined at Florence. One of governor Hunt's first official acts was to give Matta the run of the prison yard and then to place him on the list of honor convicts. Finally, he granted him the privilege of going alone and being guarded on a visit to some friends in Albuquerque, and the prisoner is there now.

Murderer Need Not Return.

And right here is a rather interesting fact. Some lawyers have been devoting attention to the legal aspects of the case and there is good authority for the opinion that if Matta does not desire to come back, there is no authority in the hands of the governor or of anybody else to bring him back. It is pointed out that he is not a fugitive from justice; that he has not violated any law; that, on the contrary, he has not yet been tried.

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REBELS SHOUT  
VIVA DIAZ AT  
BANQUETOrozco's Staff Cheer Diaz,  
Sing "Marseilles" and  
Cheer the Revolution.AMERICANS FLEE  
TO UNITED STATES(By Phil McLaughlin.)  
Chihuahua, Mexico, April 15.—At a banquet tendered to Col. Alfonso Santaneda, chief of general Orozco's staff, in the Hotel Frances last night, after the usual toasts to Castaneda, to the guests and his chief, Orozco, the banqueters arose as one and shouted "Viva Gen. Porfirio Diaz."

The toast was drunk standing. Before the finale, the guests, who were in large numbers, sang "The Marseilles" and left the room shouting "On with the revolution for reform, liberty and justice."

Next Battle Declared.

It is the general consensus of opinion among the revolutionary party in this city that the next battle will be to have the liberals and the federalists be decisive.

President Madero, the rebels say, is leading Huerta up to slaughter, knowing that there are not sufficient federalists to cope with the army of Orozco.

Foreigners Leaving Fast.

The exodus of foreigners of all nationalities from this city continues. Every train reaching this city from interior points is full and no seats are to be had. Many prominent Mexican families from this state and Durango are leaving the country. But few foreigners are left in Parral. In this city there are some few left, but nearly all the foreign women and children left several days ago.

The local papers commenting on this exodus say that the departure of foreigners through fear is unnecessary; that all will be given the strictest guarantees.

The Monitor in a column comment on the departure of the Americans says that the revolution in Mexico is a pleasant trip and that they will return to Mexico without the pretensions of conquerors, and that they will resume their work just as if nothing had happened, and look upon their self-imposed absence as nothing more than a short vacation.

Both Armies Resting.

In the south both armies are resting on their arms. Each seems to be waiting for the other to move and start something. It seems that both are making all preparations necessary for a fight.

Thus far the looks like the federalists would be the first to move, judging from their scouts, who are sometimes seen in the vicinity of the Liberal camps.

Camps Still Hold Command.

In an interview with Gen. Orozco the revolutionary leader said: "The fact is, he is ill and is suffering from a wound in the foot, caused by swelling. He was granted a leave of absence from his command, more or less indefinite. He is now in this city and will go south early this week to resume command of his troops."

Gen. Canales' retreat from Parral was due to a force of circumstances due to the report he had received from his scouts that the federalists were in a retreat and lost but three miles out of about 100. Such a report cannot be discounted or yet disastrous.

Gen. Antonio Rojas, court-martialed Saturday on the charge of insubordination, was sentenced to two years in prison by the military court Saturday. He will serve his time in the Chihuahua penitentiary if the rebels continue to hold the state.

FEDERALS SHOW NO  
SIGN OF ATTACKING

Rebels Profess to Be Secure  
ing Plenty of Am-  
munition.(By Associated Press.)  
Jimenez (Chih., April 15).—Slowly the Liberals are obtaining more ammunition and believe that by the time the next conflict with the federalists occurs, they will not be handicapped by lack of supplies.

Reports are that the federalists near El Paso have shown no sign of attacking.

The Liberals profess to be prepared to resist any forward movement.

MADERISTA AGENT  
NOT YET TRIEDDid Not Impersonate an Of-  
ficer, Hence He May  
Not Be Tried

Angelo Schiavo, the Maderista agent, arrested on a charge of impersonating an officer, was not tried Saturday afternoon. Assistant city attorney Volney M. Brown expressed the opinion that the court had no jurisdiction to try a man who must be tried in the county court.

However, county attorney W. W. Bridges is of the opinion that the case has been made against the man. He did not represent himself to be a policeman or a deputy sheriff nor did he state that he held any commission, which is necessary to constitute a violation of the law. He got aboard the train without a ticket and was arrested on a charge of assaulting him though he has not yet been tried.

REFUGEES ARE  
RUNNING TO  
THE BORDERFrench and Belgian Consuls  
Both Come to El Paso  
From Chihuahua.SCHOOL TEACHERS  
GO TO CALIFORNIA

Refugees continue to arrive on every train from Mexico. A crowd came over Sunday evening, some leaving for the east and others staying in El Paso hotels and rooming houses for the present. The Chihuahua foreign colony is gradually drifting to El Paso, and the Parral foreign colony is already here.

Foreign clubs, Parral societies, refugees' organizations and Chihuahua bridge whist clubs are being discussed by the refugees, who are tiring of the gossip at the hotels and wish something more profitable for a pastime.

Two Consuls Leave.

Not alone in the exodus confined to Americans, but in the number of refugees arriving here Sunday night was a number of prominent Chihuahua merchants and capitalists and two foreign consuls.

Juan Olivier, in charge of the French consular agency at Chihuahua, arrived on the Mexican Central train Sunday evening. He was accompanied by Carlos Cully, Belgian consul in Chihuahua. Both men left for the east.

Consul Litcher's Wife Here.

Mrs. Marion Litcher, wife of the American consul at Ciudad Chihuahua, arrived Monday in El Paso, a passenger on the Mexico North-Western train. She was accompanied by her two children, and came together with Mrs. E. H. Booth, wife of an American merchant of Chihuahua, who came with her little son. The party is at Hotel Fisher.

Four school teachers from the mission schools at Chihuahua arrived here Sunday on their way to Los Angeles. They are Mrs. J. H. Turner, E. Hardaway, G. Nash and Velazquez. They were in Mexico has been settled. They are Misses K. L. Turner, E. Hardaway, G. Nash and Velazquez. They were in the Orndorff over Sunday.

Velazquez Smelter Operating.

All smelters of the American Smelting and Refining company in Mexico are operating full time and there have been no disturbances of any serious nature at any of the smelter settlements, except at Velazquez, Chih. H. R. Wagner, general manager of the company's interests in Mexico, is here. He says everything is quiet in the capital city and business is at a standstill.

SCOUTS UNABLE TO  
FIND ANY FEDERALS

Scouting parties have been sent from Casas Grandes west along the Sonora border to run down the rumors that the federalists were coming to attack the Liberal settlements. The parties were turned, and sent word to the military department in Juarez that there is no truth in the rumors. The parties were sent by E. Portillo, the chief in the Casas Grandes district on recommendation of the Juarez authorities.

JIMENEZ CHINESE  
COME TO JUAREZ

Twenty Chinamen from Jimenez, Chih., Mexico, arrived in Juarez Sunday night on the Mexican Central train. They remain until the country is pacified. The Chinamen claim that they are being mistreated in Jimenez and that several of their number have been forced to turn over their possessions to the Liberals.

Another party of Chinamen from Jimenez and Parral are expected to arrive in Juarez Monday night.

BRIDGES BURNED BETWEEN  
SAN BLAS AND CULIACAN

Guaymas, Son. Mex., April 15.—Several bridges have been burned between San Blas and Culiacan and for the time being train service has been abandoned between the two points. The company will endeavor to keep communication open as far as San Blas to enable the balance of the tomato crop out of the Verde valley.

Mrs. C. E. Dinmore, of El Paso, has arrived in Guaymas and will spend a few days with her husband. Mr. Dinmore expects to return to Matamoros in a day or two to remain for some weeks.

KANE, WOUNDED AMERICAN,  
IS NOT EL PASO MAN.

Jackson and Leasing, local attorneys, received the following telegram from Harry Lane Wilson, United States ambassador at Mexico City, Sunday: "Consul at Aguascalientes reports Thomas G. Kane, seriously shot. May recover."

It was at first thought that this was John I. Kane, who had resided in El Paso, but the name is different.

COL. PASCUAL OROZCO IS  
AGAIN IN CHARGE AT JUAREZ.

Col. Pascual Orozco, who has resumed his duties as military chief of Juarez, returned Saturday night for nearly a week's absence. He had been in attendance at a session of the Liberal congress. Durango, acted as military chief of the town.

CARS OF MERCHANDISE  
ARE LOOTED IN TEPIC.

Tucson, Ariz., April 15.—Bandits have looted a number of cars containing merchandise at Tepic, according to a report received by the P. of Mexico offices today.

Train service to Mexico was altered today by the extent that only daylight trains will be operated from Nogales to Guaymas.

DE LARA ADDRESSES BIG  
CROWD IN JUAREZ SUNDAY.

L. Gutierrez de Lara, the Mexican Socialist, addressed a crowd of several hundred Mexicans in Juarez Sunday afternoon at the monument of Benito Juarez.

RELATIONS ARE CRITICALLY  
STRAINED, IT IS DECLAREDWARNING SIMILAR TO THAT SERVED  
ON SPAIN BY W. K. LEXLEY IN 1908Condition Now Almost Parallels That Which Existed  
Between Spain and United States Prior to the Span-  
ish-American War—United States Protests Any  
Desire to Intervene in Mexican Affairs, but  
Says Americans Must Not Be Molested.

Washington, D. C., April 15.—The state department's forceful note to the contending factions in Mexico, warning them against any mistreatment of Americans, is believed to have brought the relations between the United States and Mexico to the critical point. This is a fair deduction from past experience and tradition of the state department, notably and recently in the case of Cuba.

It is recalled that such warning as this preceded the Spanish-American war, culminating in the famous message of president McKinley which referred to "intolerable conditions existing at our doorway."

It still is hoped and believed by administration officials, however, that Sunday's notes will have a sobering effect on the passions of the factions and that it will not be necessary for the American government to consider drastic steps regarding Mexico.

This hope led to renewed assurances from official quarters that there will be no intervention.

NEXT STEP UP TO MEXICO.

The next step must be taken by Mexicans either through the rebel leader, Orozco, or president Madero, from whom some kind of an answer to the state department's representation surely will be forthcoming.

"Actions speak louder than words," was a state department comment today in reference to Orozco, who will be judged by his deeds rather than by his promises.

Meanwhile conditions throughout Mexico have undoubtedly become worse within the last week and state department advices from various agencies as made public show that the area of turbulence and violence has grown to formidable proportions. Conditions in the states of Michoacan, Puebla and Morelos, forming a semi-circle closely adjoining the state of Mexico, are daily becoming worse.

Similar reports come from the states of Sonora and Sinaloa comprising most of the western boundary of Mexico, while disturbance in the state of Veracruz threaten the Atlantic communications with the Mexican capital.

IN RESPONSE TO AN appeal from the American consul at Guadalajara, Mexico, president Taft has authorized the exportation of 150 rifles and 50,000 rounds of ammunition for arming the citizens of the United States in that district.

This is the second step by this government to permit Americans in Mexico to receive munitions of war for self-protection, Americans in Mexico City already having been similarly armed.

MORE ARMS FOR FEDERALS.

The president also gave his consent to the exportation of 400 rifles, 120,000 cartridges and many miscellaneous gun parts for the Mexican government.

Must Be Fully Answered.

The attitude of the United States, as expressed to both the federal and rebel officials, is that any interference with American citizens "will be deeply resented by the American government and the people and must be fully answered for to the American people."

Acting secretary Wilson of the state department who issued special instructions to ambassador Wilson at Mexico City and Marion Litcher, American consul at Chihuahua, authorized the statement that intervention was not contemplated by the United States.

ambassador at once the view of the United States to the Mexican minister for foreign affairs and a copy of his instructions were likewise sent to Marion Litcher, American consul at Chihuahua, with special representations addressed to general Orozco.

Orozco recently refused to recognize Mr. Litcher as the American consular representative, because the United States withheld recognition of the rebel cause. The representations to Orozco accuse him of the "practical murder" of Thomas Fountain, an American gunner enlisted with the

federalists who was summarily executed last week when taken prisoner by the insurgents.

Though declining to justify participation of Americans on either side, the United States expressly stipulates that American combatants when taking prisoners must be given humane treatment in accordance with the international rules of war.

Is Strongest Demand Yet Made.

The correspondence made public is undoubtedly the strongest demand the United States is known to have made upon Mexico for respectful treatment of Americans as well as other foreigners. The demand must be given in accordance with the international rules of war.

Instructions By Telegram.

The instructions to ambassador Wilson sent by telegram follow: "You will immediately communicate the following to the minister for foreign affairs:

"The current destruction, constantly increasing, of valuable American property is a matter of grave concern. You will immediately communicate the following to the minister for foreign affairs:

REBELS APPEAR TO HAVE PLenty OF CARTRIDGES FOR THEIR  
RIFLES FOR A FEW MORE BATTLES AT LEAST—MAY  
BE SHORT ON AMMUNITION AND SHELLS FOR  
THEIR CANNON, HOWEVER.

(By George H. Clements.)

Reports are current here and in Chihuahua that the rebels have no more ammunition. That their advance has not been made because of lack of ammunition, that they have no ammunition for their machine guns, etc.

The prodigality of the average fighting American soldier, whether South American, Central American or Mexican in the matter of the expenditure of ammunition is proverbial.

Orozco recently refused with the idea that he can frighten his enemy with the noise of the shots and he invariably proceeds to make as much noise as possible without any particular regard to where the bullets fall. This is as true of the Mexican regular as of the rebel irregular.

The total loss of life in both battles of Parral on both sides probably did not reach 50. Yet there must have been nearly a quarter of a million shots fired.

Very few Mexican soldiers fire deliberately. Some of them do, especially the mountaineers, who are used to hunting, but they are soon discovered and are shot as sharpshooters. I have seen others hold their rifles over the top of a trench or around the corner of a wall and blaze away in the general direction of the enemy till the

EL PASO POPULATION  
HAS GROWN TO 49,000

El Paso's population is 16,000 larger than that given by the census returns from the government enumeration.

The American Telephone and Telegraph company, the parent corporation of the Bell Telephone company and the Tri-State Telephone company, has had a man here for several weeks compiling statistics regarding the present population of the city. According to these figures, the present population of El Paso is 49,000, an increase of 10,000 over that given by the government census.

Of this number there are 22,000 Mexican residents of the city, according to the telephone census.

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